

Does VPD, FGA or audit really cause performance issues

Pete Finnigan, Principal Consultant

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Introduction

- My name is Pete Finnigan
 - specialise in researching, auditing and securing Oracle databases
- am going to keep it reasonably simple and not too technical
- Audit is becoming a key issue for most organisations
- Technologies like FGA and VPD are little used due to preconceptions, misunderstandings...
- am interested in how to successfully use audit and VPD
- want to talk about the performance issues with these technologies

Agenda

- The problem
- A structured solution to audit
- Reduce the audit problem
- Iook at some simplistic performance testing

- **In the solution**
- **Conclusions**

The perceived problem

- Why do people think Audit, FGA and VPD causes performance issues?
- allack of experience of the technologies?
- Discussions on the net and newsgroups (There is little out there) most negative, very few positive
- No real evidence as to performance problems
- The problem is "it depends"
- Most databases I have seen have the same audit issue
 - The customer is told or decides to enable audit
 - **Little planning and design in advance**
 - All application tables are audited

 - RESULT = Customer turns it all off!

Structured solutions for audit

- Design first
- Understand what is to be audited at a business level
 - Audit data collection
 - Reporting
 - Alerting
 - Management archive / purge / future use
- Break the problem into smaller parts based on data that has to be collected
- Analyse for whom and when audit needs to be collected
- Analyse all data access to potential audit events time / quantities

Reduce the audit problem (categorise)

- Based on requirements and design decide on solutions
- Limit the collection of audit data on a
 - Ser basis
 - Time basis
 - Access basis
- Thoose appropriate solutions based on these rules
- Use a risk-based approach to audit collection / process and use
- Does all audit collection cause a performance issue?

Does all audit kill performance

- First, lets talk about why we may want to audit

 - Financial reconciliation
 - **HMG** requirements
 - Internal requirements
- Some reasons to audit cannot be avoided we must do them
- Some reasons to audit can be modified on a risk-based approach
- Some reasons to audit can be changed / re-specified audit something else up or down the business process
- Does it kill performance? it depends!

Performance tuning

- There are two common elements to performance tuning
 - Tune and make the existing code go faster
 - **Tune the algorithm first**
- The second item is the interesting one for me
- The focus of this talk is not on lots of detailed performance tests but on tuning the design first to ensure
 - The right audit tool / features are used
 - The right audit events are defined and set
 - The right audit data is collected
 - Implementing other controls to reduce the need for auditing

Reduce the problem

- Temphasise: reduce the amount of audit that could have performance issues to the bare minimum or move the problem
- Based on
 - Only audit what is needed at a business level based on risk
 - Only audit users / roles / time based
 - Some audit solutions can be used OLTP and turned off for batch processes or vice-versa
 - Some audit may be disabled during some time periods (this allows expensive audit for OLTP and none for batch)

Standard Audit solutions (horses for courses)

- Subsetties the right solutions for the right purposes. Consider:
 - Data to be captured
 - dentification data user ID, terminal, etc
 - Before and after values
 - Functionality of the solution
 - an it be based on user, role, columns, rows of data?
 - Can it be disabled if necessary
 - Writing to the file system for additional security / performance

Oracle standard audit solutions

- Standard database audit
- **Triggers**
- System triggers
- **Dog files**
- **©DC / LogMiner / redo analysis**
- Network Appliances There are issues
- Custom solutions Application based
- Who/when columns
- ⊕E-Business Suite, RLA, Sign-on, who/when
- More...

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Oracle Standard Audit Solutions - comparison

	database	triggers	FGA	Row Level Audit	CDC	system triggers
		30	-			3000
Performance	8% - 200%	3% - 37%	3% - 300%	not tested	0%	not tested
before / after	No	Yes	Flashback / redo	Yes	Yes	N/A
Column level control	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A
row level control	No	Yes	Yes	Edit	Possible	N/A
control by user	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Possible	Yes
extend data capture	SQL Statement	Yes	Yes	Edit	Yes	Yes
read audit	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	N/A
write to file system	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes



Some audit should be enabled anyway

- Whether there is a performance issue or not I don't believe there is for some audit some audit should always be enabled
- 11 g will default 24 database audit settings
- - **Unusual hours**
 - Shared connections
- Super user access
- Se of system privileges
 - In the database
 - In the application layer

Types of audit events

- Types of audit event need to be considered as these directly affect the solution chosen / the amount of data collected and when / the scope for tuning / creativity
- Connection / privilege audit use of privileges should not create performance issue as they shouldn't be used
- Security configurations again should not change
- Static and configuration data − U,I,D − OK, S Issue
- Process and workflow audit event auditing
- Business audit the biggest potential for issues

Be Creative!

- On the similar to CDC
- Itashback useful but very time constrained
- Network appliances there are issues with all
 - No direct performance issues
 - Some do not support local connections
 - Some store the data captured
 - Even if capture local and remote, if packages are used then only the package call is seen by the appliance not the data access (if data is not returned to the client)

Performance testing

- Example test for triggers
- Simple trigger
- Manted to test
 - **OLTP** impact
 - Batch impact
 - Compared to no trigger
- Ianning ahead to tuning
 - Use of When clause
 - Se of "OF" clause
 - Write to file system

Sample trigger – create a context

```
create or replace package audit trig is
procedure set context;
procedure set off;
end;
create or replace package body audit trig is
  lv context constant varchar2(30):='PXF';
procedure set context is
begin
  dbms session.set context(lv context, 'audit trig', 'Y');
end;
procedure set off is
begin
  dbms session.set context(lv context, 'audit trig', 'N');
end;
end;
```

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Sample Trigger – create the trigger

```
create or replace trigger pxf_t_u
                                                    sysdate,
after update on po.po vendors
for each row
                                                    sys_context('USERENV',
when
                                                             'CURRENT USER'),
  (sys context('PXF','audit trig')='
  Y')
                                                    'U',
declare
                                                    sys_context('USERENV',
  PRAGMA AUTONOMOUS_TRANSACTION;
begin
                                                             'IP ADDRESS'),
  insert into apps.po shadow
                                                    :old.vendor_name,
  (
                                                    :new.vendor name);
         date time,
        userid,
                                             commit;
        event_type,
                                           exception
         origin,
                                             when others then
        vendor name old,
        vendor name new
                                                    null;
                                           end;
  values
```

Sample Trigger tests – no trigger enabled

OVERALL	TOTALS FO	OR ALL NON	-RECURSIVE ST	'ATEMENTS				
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	curr	ent	rows
Parse	5	0.00	0.00	0	0		0)
Execute	6	0.03	0.03	0	0		1	3
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0		0	(
total	11	0.03	0.03	0	0		1	3
Misses i	n librar	z cache du	ring parse: 0					
Elapsed	times in	clude wait	ing on follow	ing events:				
Event	waited or	ı		Time	s Max.	Wait '	Total	Waited
				Waite	d			
 SQL*Ne	et message	e to clien	 t		d 0	0.00		0.00
	_	to clien from cli		1		0.00		0.00
SQL*Ne	_			1 1	0			
SQL*Ne log fi	et message le sync	e from cli		1	0 0	0.00		0.00
SQL*Ne log fi OVERALL	et message le sync TOTALS FO	e from cli DR ALL REC	ent	1 1 IENTS	0 0 1	0.00	ent	0.00
SQL*Ne log fi OVERALL call	et message le sync TOTALS FO	e from cli DR ALL REC cpu	ent URSIVE STATEM	1 1 IENTS	0 0 1	0.00	ent 	0.00
SQL*Ne log fi OVERALL call Parse	et message le sync TOTALS FO count	e from cli OR ALL REC cpu 0.00	ent URSIVE STATEM elapsed	1 1 IENTS disk	0 0 1 query 	0.00	0	0.00 0.05 rows
SQL*Ne log fi OVERALL call Parse	t message le sync TOTALS FO count 	PR ALL RECCEPU O.00 0.51	ent URSIVE STATEM elapsed 0.00	1 1 IENTS disk 0	0 0 1 query 	0.00 0.05 curr	0	0.00 0.05 rows

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Sample trigger – firing for OLTP

OVERALL	TOTALS FO	OR ALL NON	-RECURSIVE ST.	ATEMENTS			o impaci
			elapsed				rows
		0.01		0	0	0	0
Execute	6	0.02	0.04	0	0	1	3
			0.00	0	0	0	0
		0.03			0	1	3
Misses i	in library	z cache du	ring parse: 1				
Elapsed	times inc	clude wait	ing on follow	ing events:			
Event	waited or	ı		Times	Max.	Wait Total	. Waited
				Waited			
SQL*N∈	et message	e to clien	t	10		0.00	0.00
SQL*N€	et message	e from cli	ent	10		0.00	0.00
log fi	ile sync			2		0.03	0.03
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	OR ALL REC	URSIVE STATEM	ENTS			
		_	elapsed				
						0	0
Execute	1322	0.71	0.69	0	205	1242	400
		0.09	0.08			0	
			0.80			1242	
Misses i	in library	z cache du	ring parse: 3				
Misses i	in library	z cache du	ring execute:	2			

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Sample trigger – conditionally disabled

*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***	3% imp	act
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL NON	-RECURSIVE ST	ATEMENTS			
call	count	cpu 	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	5	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	6	0.01	0.03	0	0	1	3
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	11	0.01	0.03	0	0	1	3
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 0				
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on follow	ing events:			
Event	waited on			Times	Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waited			
SQL*Ne	t message	to clien	t	10		0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	from cli	ent	10		0.00	0.00
log fi	le sync			1		0.04	0.04
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATEM	ENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	11	0.01	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	1209	0.53	0.54	0	220	886	302
Fetch	1710	0.09	0.07	0	6135	0	1105
total	2930	0.63	0.62	0	6355	886	1407
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 0				

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11g Improvements

- Ashwini Surpur announced at OOW that standard database audit is much faster
- ☑He reported a 1 2% performance degradation for the TPCC benchmark with audit_trail=DB and some default audit settings
- Bryn Llewellyn announced that triggers are just faster in 11g. He quoted up to 25% faster for DML
- He also announced a new type of compound trigger. That is a before, after, row and statement all in one and it can retain PL/SQL global variable state between firings
- Tracle audit is on by default for 24 events

Fine Grained Audit

- Added to satisfy read audit requirements SoX
- Likened to a select trigger
- Requires coding
- All ard to set up and get working hard to debug
- Fires at the statement level
- Difficult to get before and after values
- Difficult to parse and use SQL statements and binds constructively
- Ots of bugs in early versions

FGA examples

```
begin
sys.dbms_fga.add_policy(
  object schema => 'PO',
  object name => 'PO VENDORS',
 policy name => 'PXF TEST',
  audit condition => '''Y'' =
  sys_context(''PXF'',''audit_trig'')',
  audit column => 'VENDOR NAME',
 handler schema => NULL,
 handler module => NULL,
  enable => TRUE,
  statement types => 'UPDATE',
  audit trail => dbms fga.db extended);
end;
```

Same context as trigger was used

FGA test – no policy

			I-RECURSIVE S				
call	count	cpu	elapsed	alsk 	query	current	rows
Parse	5	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	6	0.03	0.02	0	0	1	3
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	11	0.03	0.03	0	0	 1	3
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: ()			
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on follow	wing events:			
Event	waited on			Times	Max.	Wait Tot	al Waited
				Waited	l		
SQL*Ne	t message	to clien	ıt	10)	0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	from cli	.ent	10)	0.00	0.00
log fi	le sync			1	-	0.05	0.05
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATE	MENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	8	0.01	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	1206	0.55	0.55	0	205	834	300
Fetch	1708	0.07	0.08	0	6132	0	1104
total	2922	0.63	0.63	0	6337	834	1404
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: ()			

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FGA test – creating audit - OLTP

348% impact

OVERALL '	TOTALS FO	R ALL NON	-RECURSIVE STA	TEMENTS			
			elapsed				rows
			0.03		0		0
Execute	6	1.20	2.42	2	6778	2489	3
			0.00		_	0	0
			2.46				3
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 1				
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on followi	ng events:			
Event	waited on			Time	es Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waite	ed		
SQL*Ne	t message	to clien	t	1	.0	0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	from cli	ent	1	.0	0.00	0.00
log fi	le sync				1	0.04	0.04
OVERALL '	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATEME	NTS			
			elapsed				
			0.03			0	0
Execute	1349	1.64	2.98	2	7018	3030	411
			0.12				1337
			3.14			3030	
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 5				
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring execute:	4			

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FGA test - disabled

			-RECURSIVE ST		query	current	rows
Parse	5	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	6	0.03	0.03	0	0	1	3
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	11	0.03	0.03	0	0	1	3
Misses i	in library	cache du	ring parse: ()			
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on follow	ving events	•		
Event	waited on			Time	es Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waite	ed		
SQL*N€	et message	to clien	t	=	10	0.00	0.00
SQL*N∈	et message	from cli	ent	-	10	0.00	0.00
log fi	ile sync				1	0.02	0.02
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATEM	MENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	11	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	1209	0.60	0.60	0	220	897	302
Fetch	1710	0.05	0.08	0	6135	0	1105
total	2930	0.65	0.69	0	6355	897	1407
Misses i	in library	cache du	ring parse: ()			

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Virtual Private Database

- Supports static policies
- On't access dual in policies
- Supports policy groups so can be effectively turned off
- Debugging is very hard
- Working out the predicate can be done use

 - Set event 10730
 - Set event 10060

VPD performance testing – simple policy

```
create context vpd using scott.vpd pkg;
begin
  dbms rls.create policy group
  (object_schema=>'SCOTT',
  object name => 'EMP',
  policy group => 'VPD OFF');
  end;
begin
     dbms rls.create policy group
     (object schema => 'SCOTT',
     object_name => 'EMP',
     policy group => 'VPD ON');
     dbms rls.add grouped policy
     (object schema => 'SCOTT',
     object name => 'EMP',
     policy group => 'VPD ON',
     policy_name => 'VPD_POL',
     function schema => 'SCOTT',
     policy function => 'VPD PKG.GET PREDICATE',
     update check => FALSE,
     enable => TRUE,
     static policy => TRUE);
 end;
```



VPD code - Cont'd

```
begin
    dbms rls.add policy context
 (object schema => 'SCOTT',
 object name => 'EMP',
 namespace => 'vpd',
 attribute => 'active policy');
 END:
create or replace package vpd pkg is
procedure set context;
procedure set off;
  function get predicate (object schema in
  varchar2,object_name in varchar2) return
   varchar2:
end;
create or replace package body vpd pkg is
  lv_context constant varchar2(30):='vpd';
  procedure set context is
  begin
   dbms session.set context(lv context,'act
  ive_policy','VPD_ON');
   end set context;
```

```
procedure set off is
 begin
 dbms session.set_context(lv_context,'a
 ctive policy', 'VPD OFF');
  end set off;
 function get_predicate (object_schema
 in varchar2,object name in varchar2)
  return varchar2 is
 begin
         return (' deptno in (select
 deptno from dept where flag =
  ''N'')');
  end get predicate;
End;
```

VPD – no policy

*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL NON	-RECURSIVE ST	'ATEMENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	2	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	3	0.17	0.22	0	0	0	1
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	5	0.17	0.22	0	0	0	1
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 0				
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on follow	ing events:			
Event	waited on	-		Times	s Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waited	d		
SQL*Ne	t message	to clien	t	•	4	0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	from cli	ent	•	4	0.00	0.00
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATEM	ENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	1	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	1000	0.08	0.08	0	0	0	0
Fetch	1000	0.13	0.12	0	7000	0	14000
total	2001	0.21	0.20	0	7000	0	14000
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 0				

VPD – protecting access

*****	*****	*****	* * * * * * * * * * *	*****	*****	100%	impact
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	OR ALL NON	-RECURSIVE	STATEMENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	2	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	3	0.16	0.21	0	0	0	1
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	5	0.16	0.21	0	0	0	1
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse	: 0			
Elapsed	times inc	clude wait	ing on foli	lowing events:			
Event	waited or	ı		Time	es Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waite	ed		
SQL*Ne	t message	e to clien	t		4	0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	e from cli	ent		4	0.00	0.00
OVERALL	TOTALS FO	OR ALL REC	URSIVE STAT	rements			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows

 Parse
 1
 0.00
 0.00
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 Execute
 1000
 0.05
 0.10
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0
 0

 Fetch
 1000
 0.57
 0.50
 0
 23000
 0
 12000

total 2001 0.62 0.60 0 23000 0 12000

Misses in library cache during parse: 0

VPD – enabled but not firing

*****	*****	*****	* * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * *	* No ii	mpact
OVERALL '	TOTALS FO	R ALL NON	-RECURSIVE ST	ATEMENTS			•
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	2	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	3	0.16	0.23	0	0	0	1
Fetch	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
total	 5	0.16	0.23	0	0	0	1
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 0				
Elapsed	times inc	lude wait	ing on follow	ing events	:		
Event	waited on	•		Time	es Max.	Wait Total	Waited
				Waite	ed		
SQL*Ne	t message	to clien	t		4	0.00	0.00
SQL*Ne	t message	from cli	ent		4	0.00	0.00
OVERALL '	TOTALS FO	R ALL REC	URSIVE STATEM	ENTS			
call	count	cpu	elapsed	disk	query	current	rows
Parse	1	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0
Execute	1000	0.06	0.10	0	0	0	0
Fetch	1000	0.12	0.11	0	7000	0	14000
total	2001	0.18	0.21	0	7000	0	14000
Misses i	n library	cache du	ring parse: 1				

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VPD compared with FGA

- GA does not include as much functionality as VPD
- GA cannot disable the core write to FGA_LOG\$
- Would be useful to have FGA and VPD in one policy can do this for audit
- ▼ PD could be used for audit
- GFGA doesn't support policy groups or policy contexts

Tuning the solutions

- Write to the file system instead of the database
- Simplify any audit code
- Ensure audit fires only for users / columns / rows necessary
- Se static data
- Limit database access in policy functions
- Simplify the predicate and avoid excessively changing the optimizer path

Audit information

Books:

- Arup Nanda Oracle PL/SQL for DBAs ISBN 0596005873
- Therioult, Henney Oracle Security ISBN 1565924509

Papers

- An Introduction to Simple Oracle Auditing http://www.securityfocus.com/infocus/1689
- Oracle Auditing http://www.oracle-base.com/articles/8i/Auditing.php

Test and test again

- Testing is very subjective to the
 - Application structure including the SQL used
 - Application use, OLTP, DSS, Batch based...
 - hysical and logical architecture
 - Hardware specifications
- OLTP access can often be faster with VPD in place due to often reduced result sets
- Relying on other peoples studies is pointless
- Design and scope first
- fest on a real system
- Test on real data and quantities

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Conclusions

- Performance impact depends on the design
- Design to capture the audit that is necessary, design for speed where it counts
- Be creative
- Testing is very subjective
- The tests should be for batch users and OLTP users and any other types of users
- Aim to reduce the problem
- If there is a performance issue then its better to have it on a smaller number of tables
- On't abandon audit because of perceived issues, TEST

Questions and Answers

- Any Questions, please ask
- <a>Dater?
 - Contact me via email peter.finnigan@siemens.com
 - Or via my website http://www.petefinnigan.com



www.siemens.co.uk/insight

***** +44 (0)1932 241000

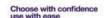
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